



INSTITUTO JUAN PABLO II  
Av. Sáenz Peña 576  
TEL: 0381- 4205711  
[Institutojuanpabloii@gmail.com](mailto:Institutojuanpabloii@gmail.com)  
[www.instjuanpabloii.com.ar](http://www.instjuanpabloii.com.ar)

Materia: LENGUA EXTRANJERA "INGLÉS"

Profesora: CRIPOVICH ABRIL

Curso: 2 año A

Bibliografía actual: Libro METRO STARTER (Oxford)

### Trabajo Práctico N°16 - Repaso

**Lunes 11 de agosto:**

1. Copiamos temas de gramática importantes para el 2° examen trimestral:

1. **Positive sentences**
2. **Negative sentences**
3. **Yes/No questions + short answers**
4. **Wh- questions**

#### 1. Positive Sentences

Subject	Verb	Rest of Sentence	Example
I / You / We / They	base form	object / complement	I play football.
He / She / It	base form + -s / -es	object / complement	She watches TV.

##### ♦ Rules for -s/-es endings:

- Add **-s** to most verbs → play → plays
- Add **-es** to verbs ending in **-ch, -sh, -ss, -o, -x, -z** → watch → watches
- Change **-y** to **-ies** if consonant before y → study → studies

#### 2. Negative Sentences

Subject	Auxiliary	Verb	Example
I / You / We / They	do not ( <b>don't</b> )	base form	We don't like pizza.
He / She / It	does not ( <b>doesn't</b> )	base form	He doesn't play tennis.

⚠ **Note:** The verb after **don't / doesn't** is always in base form (no -s).

#### 3. Yes/No Questions + Short Answers

Question	Short Answer (Yes)	Short Answer (No)
Do I/you/we/they + verb...?	Yes, I/you/we/they do.	No, I/you/we/they don't.
Does he/she/it + verb...?	Yes, he/she/it does.	No, he/she/it doesn't.

##### Examples:

- Do you play basketball? → Yes, I do. / No, I don't.
- Does she eat vegetables? → Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.



INSTITUTO JUAN PABLO II  
 Av. Sáenz Peña 576  
 TEL: 0381- 4205711  
[Institutojuanpabloii@gmail.com](mailto:Institutojuanpabloii@gmail.com)  
[www.instjuanpabloii.com.ar](http://www.instjuanpabloii.com.ar)

## 4. Wh- Questions

Wh- word	Auxiliary	Subject	Verb	Rest of Sentence
What / Where / When / Why / How	do / does	I / you / we / they / he / she / it	base form	...?
Who*	—	verb with -s for he / she / it	—	—

### Examples:

- What do you eat for breakfast?
- Where does your brother go after school?
- Who likes ice cream? (no auxiliary when “Who” is the subject)
- Where do you live?
- Who plays the guitar?

## 5. Object Pronouns

Subject Pronouns	Object Pronouns	Examples Subject Pronouns	Object Pronouns
I	me	I love you.	Do you love <b>me</b> ?
You	you	<b>You</b> always eat fast food.	It isn't good for <b>you</b> .
He	him	<b>He</b> is good at sports.	I play football with <b>him</b> .
She	Her	<b>She</b> is a great singer.	Listen to <b>her</b> .
It	it	<b>It</b> is my favourite dress.	I often wear <b>it</b> .
We	us	<b>We</b> can't do this exercise.	Please help <b>us</b> .
You (plural)	you (plural)	<b>You</b> are my best friends.	I really like <b>you</b> .
They	them	<b>They</b> are your pets.	Don't forget to feed <b>them</b> .

⚠ **Note:** We use pronouns in place of nouns and names:  
 Subject pronouns are used to replace the subject of a sentence.  
 Patricia has blue eyes → She has blue eyes.

Object pronouns are used to replace the object of a sentence.  
 I don't like Patricia → I don't like her.

We often use object pronouns after prepositions.  
 These pizzas are *for* them. They study *with* us. Look *at* me! Don't talk *to* him.



INSTITUTO JUAN PABLO II  
 Av. Sáenz Peña 576  
 TEL: 0381- 4205711  
[Institutojuanpabloii@gmail.com](mailto:Institutojuanpabloii@gmail.com)  
[www.instjuanpabloii.com.ar](http://www.instjuanpabloii.com.ar)

## 2. Copiamos palabras del vocabulario del trimestre:

Verbs	Nouns		Adverbs
arrive	afternoon	morning	after
be: am/is/are; isn't/aren't	beans	movie	always
brush	bed	neighbour	before
clean	breakfast	night	early
cook	bread	noon	late
dance	cereal	orange juice	never
do: do/does; don't/doesn't	cheese	pasta	often
draw	chores	pizza	on time
eat	clothes	rice	rarely
forget	coffee	school	sometimes
get (up) (dressed)	dinner	shower	usually
get up	diet	soda	<b>Adjectives</b>
go (to)	dishes	subject	bad
have: have/has	eggs	table	easy
help	evening	tea	favourite
like	exams	teeth	good
make	fast food	tests	hard
meet	fish	trash	healthy
play	food	TV	important
put (away)	fruit	vegetables	interesting
set	habits	water	perfect
study	hair		terrible
take (out)	homework		difficult
take out	lunch		
talk	mall		
train	meal		
wash	meat		
watch	milk		